

1 and 2 dimensional arrays

```
using namespace std;
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <iomanip>

void printline();

int main()
{ string name[5];

  int sales[5][3],
    totalrow[5],
    maxrow[5],
    minrow[5],
    totalcol[3],
    maxcol[3],
    mincol[3];
  double average[5];

  char graph[5][40];

  int i, j, k, l, max;

  //-----
  // Read from datafile into arrays

  ifstream fin;
  fin.open("sales.dat");
  cout << "\n\n";
  cout << setw(14) << left << "City Name" << setw(10) << "Item 1" << setw(10) << "Item 2" << setw(10) << "Item 3" << setw(7) << "Total" << setw(7) << "Max" << setw(7) << "Min" << setw(7) << "Avg";
  printline();
```

City Name	Item 1	Item 2	Item 3	Total	Max	Min	Avg
Nome	20	5	3	28	20	3	9.33333
Gulfport	5	4	20	29	20	4	9.66667
Biloxi	3	1	14	18	14	1	6
Ocean Springs	2	2	2	6	2	2	2
Bay St Louis	3	2	4	9	4	2	3
Maximum	20	5	20				
Minimum	2	1	2				
Total	33	14	43				

Initializing the total, max and min for the column j before the nested loop.

```
for (i=0; i<3; i++) // Initialize column accumulators
{ maxcol[i]=0;
  mincol[i]=20000;
  totalcol[i]=0;
}
```

Initializing the total, max and min for the row i .

```
//-----
for (i = 0; i<5; i++)
{ getline(fin, name[i]);
  cout << setw(16) << left << name[i];

  // Initialize row accumulators

  totalrow[i]=0;
  maxrow[i]=-1;
  minrow[i]=100000;

  for (j = 0; j<3; j++) // Read in the sales for each location in a loop
  {
    fin >> sales[i][j];
```

Checking the new sales value to see if it is the new max or min for row i and column j .

```
// This section check if the new value is either the new maximum or minimum for the row and the column

  if (sales[i][j]>maxrow[i])
    maxrow[i]=sales[i][j];
  if (sales[i][j]<minrow[i])
    minrow[i]=sales[i][j];
  if (sales[i][j]>maxcol[j])
    maxcol[j]=sales[i][j];
  if (sales[i][j]<mincol[j])
    mincol[j]=sales[i][j];
```

City Name	Item 1	Item 2	Item 3	Total	Max	Min	Avg
Nome	20	5	3	28	20	3	9.33333
Gulfport	5	4	20	29	20	4	9.66667
Biloxi	3	1	14	18	14	1	6
Ocean Springs	2	2	2	6	2	2	2
Bay St Louis	3	2	4	9	4	2	3
Maximum	20	5	20				
Minimum	2	1	2				
Total	33	14	43				

```
// This section accumulates the new sales for the totals of the row and column

  totalrow[i]=totalrow[i]+sales[i][j];
  totalcol[j]=totalcol[j]+sales[i][j];

  cout << setw(10) << sales[i][j];
}
average[i]=totalrow[i]/3.0;
cout << setw(7) << totalrow[i] << setw(7) << maxrow[i] << setw(7) << minrow[i] << setw(7) << average[i] << endl;
fin.ignore();
cout << "\n\n";
}
```

City Name	Item 1	Item 2	Item 3	Total	Max	Min	Avg
Nome	20	5	3	28	20	3	9.33333
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Ocean Springs	2	2	2	6	2	2	2
Bay St Louis	3	2	4	9	4	2	3
Maximum	20	5	20				
Minimum	2	1	2				
Total	33	14	43				

Printing the maximum, minimum and total of the columns after the exit of the nested loops.

```
printline();
cout << setw(16) << left << "Maximum";
for (i=0; i<3; i++)
  cout << setw(10) << maxcol[i];

cout << "\n";
cout << setw(16) << left << "Minimum";
for (i=0; i<3; i++)
  cout << setw(10) << mincol[i];
cout << "\n";

cout << setw(16) << left << "Total";
for (i=0; i<3; i++)
  cout << setw(10) << totalcol[i];
cout << "\n";

cin.get();
```

Charts

```
//-----  
// Print graph array as bar chart  
cout << "\n\n";  
println();  
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)  
{  
    cout << setw(20) << left << name[i];  
    for (j = 0; j < totalrow[i]; j++)  
    { cout << "*";  
    }  
    cout << "\n";  
}  
cout << "\n\n";  
cin.get();
```

Printing asterisks * for each city to make a bar chart using the total of the row for the loop control.

```
Nome  
Gulfport  
Biloxi  
Ocean Springs  
Bay St Louis
```

```
//-----  
// Initialize graph array to spaces
```

```
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)  
{  
    for (j = 0; j < 40; j++)  
    { graph[i][j] = ' ';  
    }  
}
```

Initializing the array to spaces to create stacked column charts. Needed since the graph will be rotated for a stacked column bar chart.

```
//-----  
// Store sales in graph array
```

```
max=0;  
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)  
{  
    totalrow[i]=0;  
    l=0;  
    for (j = 0; j < 3; j++)  
    { totalrow[i]=totalrow[i]+sales[i][j];  
    }  
    for (k=0; k < sales[i][j]; k++)  
    {  
        switch (j)  
        {  
            case 0 : graph[i][l]=176;  
                      break;  
            case 1 : graph[i][l]=178;  
                      break;  
            case 2 : graph[i][l]=219;  
                      break;  
        }  
        l++;  
    }  
    if (l > max)  
        max=l;  
}  
cin.get();
```

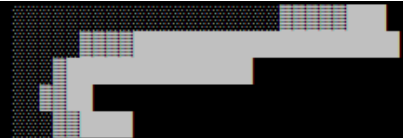
Creating a bar chart using ASCII symbols.

Print the bar chart using ASCII symbols.

```
//-----  
// Print graph array as bar chart
```

```
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)  
{  
    cout << setw(20) << left << name[i];  
    for (j = 0; j < max; j++)  
    { cout << graph[i][j];  
    }  
    cout << "\n";  
}  
cout << "\n\n";  
cin.get();
```

```
Nome  
Gulfport  
Biloxi  
Ocean Springs  
Bay St Louis
```



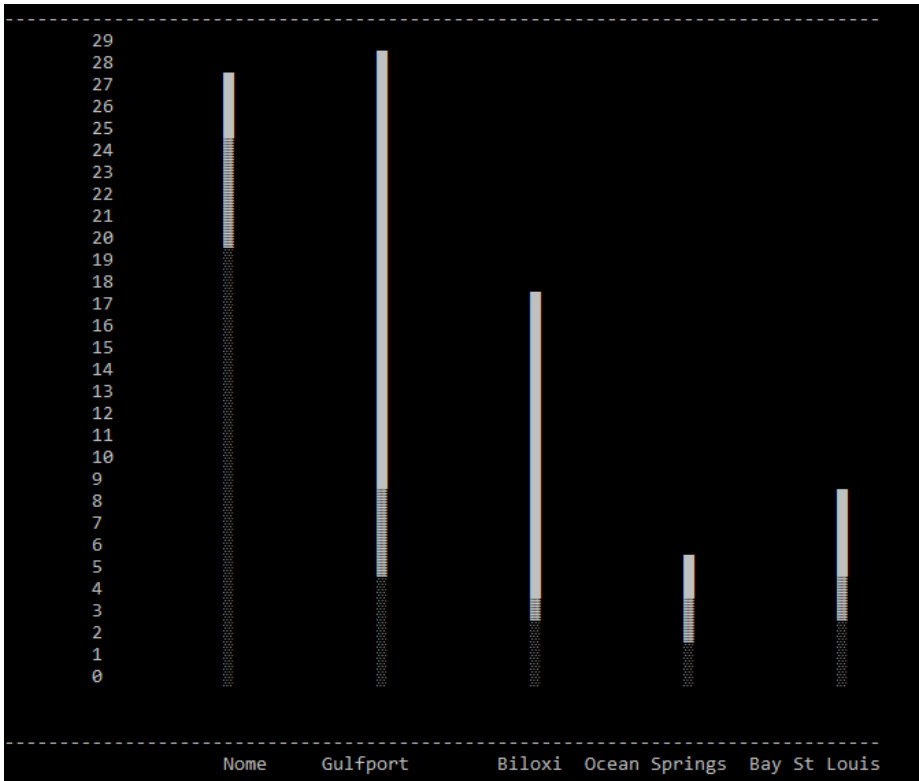
```
//-----
// Print graph array as column chart
printline();

for (i = max; i>=0; i--)
{
    cout <<"\t"<<setw(12)<<left<<i;
    for (j = 0; j<5; j++)
    {
        cout <<setw(14)<<graph[j][i];
    }
    cout <<"\n";
}
cin.get();

//-----
// Print city array at bottom of column chart

printline();
cout <<setw(10)<<" ";
for (j = 0; j<5; j++)
{
    cout <<setw(14)<<right<<name[j];
}
cout <<"\n\n";
cin.get();
```

Print the graph as a stacked column chart using ASCII symbols by printing the rows (counter i) backwards the graph [j] [i].



The files can be downloaded [Sales1 Program](#) [Sales Datafile](#)